



ВСЕРОССИЙСКАЯ ОЛИМПИАДА ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ  
ДЛЯ СТУДЕНТОВ МЕДИЦИНСКИХ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНЫХ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЙ  
«English for Pharmacy Students»

Read the following tasks and choose the correct answer:

1) The term Pharmacy means:

- a. the study of inner body systems
- b. the science and technique of preparing, dispensing, and reviewing drugs.
- c. the science of treating people
- d. the process of writing out a prescription.

2) Pharmacy as a science is a part of :

- a. biological sciences.
- b. social sciences.
- c. exact sciences.
- d. medical sciences.

3) A prescription is

- a. a written order by a medical doctor to a pharmacist in the form of: medication instructions for an individual patient.
- b. permitted absence from work because of illness
- c. permission before conducting a healthcare intervention on a person, or for disclosing personal information
- d. a critical or analytical study, evaluation, or summing up, especially of a medical case history.

4) A chemist's shop is:

- a. self-service shop offering a wide variety of food, beverages and household products.
- b. a store that sells medicines and various other products.
- c. a retail shop that primarily sells food, either fresh or preserved.
- d. a facility that sells fuel and engine lubricants for motor vehicles.

5) The definition of painkillers is:

- a. a group of drugs that block norepinephrine and epinephrine from binding to beta receptors on nerves.
- b. a group of medicines that are used to prevent unwanted pregnancy.
- c. a group of substances that either loosen stool or stimulate a bowel movement.
- d. a group of drugs used to achieve analgesia, relief from pain.

6) A sedative makes a patient

- a. relaxed and sleepy
- b. active and energetic
- c. depressed.
- d. unconscious.

**7) An antibiotic is used to**

- a. treat allergies.
- b. disinfect personal things and room.
- c. treat bacterial diseases.
- d. make a patient relaxed and sleepy.

**8) Vaccination can be explained as:**

- a. a controlled administration of medication into your bloodstream over time.
- b. the process of administering endoscopic procedure.
- c. the administration of a vaccine to help the immune system develop protection from a disease.
- d. a test to look inside the oesophagus, the stomach and the first part of the small intestine known as the duodenum.

**9) An antihistamine is a type of medication which**

- a. relieves stomach troubles
- b. reduces pain
- c. treats headache
- d. treat allergic condition.

**10) A pharmacist or a provisor is \_\_\_\_\_ with higher pharmaceutical education who is permitted by law to prepare drugs at chemist's shops, pharmaceutical plants, to check up the quality of the drugs, to dispense and supply them.**

- a. a surgeon
- b. an obstetrician
- c. a specialist
- d. a doctor

**11) \_\_\_\_\_ occurs when a person has accumulated too much of a drug in his bloodstream, leading to adverse effects within the body.**

- a. myocardial infarction
- b. toxicity
- c. disease
- d. cardiac arrest.

**12) Toxicology (from the Greek words τοξικός - toxicos and logos) is the study of**

- a. poisons.
- b. vaccines
- c. remedies
- d. medicines.

**13) Retorts, volumetric cylinders and flasks, funnels and glassware can be found in**

- a. out-patient department.
- b. hospital.
- c. chemical laboratory.
- d. university library.

**14) Potassium, sodium, lithium are**

- a. non-metals.
- b. metals.
- c. acids.
- d. oxides.

**15) Iodine, sulfur, selenium, phosphorus, arsenic, carbon, silicon are**

- a. metals
- b. salts
- c. non-metals
- d. acids

**16) A laxative is a type of drug which**

- a. stimulates intestines movements.
- b. acts as a diuretic.
- c. reduces high blood pressure.
- d. acts as antipyretic.

**17) A tablet is a**

- a. pharmaceutical intravenous dosage form.
- b. pharmaceutical oral fluid dosage form.
- c. pharmaceutical oral solid dosage form.
- d. pharmaceutical parenteral fluid dosage form.

**18) A syringe is**

- a. monitor designed to measure how hard your blood is pushing against the walls of the arteries in your body.
- b. a small and extremely sharp bladed instrument used for surgery, anatomical dissection.
- c. a medical device that is used to inject fluid into the body.
- d. a device that measures temperature or a temperature gradient.

**19) An ampoule is**

- a. a tube or pipe that is wide at the top and narrow at the bottom, used for guiding liquid or powder into a small opening.
- b. is a small glass vial which is used to contain and preserve medicine.
- c. hard-shelled capsules which contain dry, powdered ingredients.
- d. a medical device that is used to inject fluid into the body.

**20) A balance designed to measure small mass in the sub-milligram range is called a**

- a. centrifuge
- b. analytical balance (often called a "lab balance")
- c. refrigerator
- d. destilator.